

# CỤC ĐĂNG KIỂM VIỆT NAM VIETNAM REGISTER

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# THÔNG BÁO KỸ THUẬT TÀU BIỂN TECHNICAL INFORMATION ON SEA-GOING SHIPS

Ngày: 08 tháng 07 năm 2020 Số thông báo: 039TI/20VRQC

*Nôi dung:* 

Thông báo số 4204/Add.23 (Circular Letter No. 4204/Add.23) ngày 01/7/2020 của Tổ chức Hàng hải quốc tế (IMO): Virus corona (COVID 19) – Khuyến nghị đối với các quốc gia cảng và ven biển về việc kịp thời đưa thuyền viên lên bờ để chăm sóc y tế trên bờ trong đai dịch COVID-19

Kính gửi: Các Chủ tàu / Công ty quản lý tàu Các Chi cục Đăng kiểm tàu biển

Ngày 01/7/2020, Tổ chức Hàng hải quốc tế (IMO) đã phát hành Thông báo số 4204/Add.23: Virus corona (COVID 19) – Khuyến nghị đối với các quốc gia cảng và ven biển về việc kịp thời đưa thuyền viên lên bờ để chăm sóc y tế trên bờ trong đại dịch COVID-19.

Chúng tôi xin gửi các Quý Đơn vị nguyên bản tiếng Anh Thông báo số 4204/Add.23 của IMO.

Đề nghị các Quý Đơn vị phổ biến Thông báo này đến tất cả các công ty vận tải biển, các tàu và lưu ý thực hiện theo hướng dẫn của IMO. Thông báo kỹ thuật này được nêu trong mục: *Thông báo/ Thông báo kỹ thuật tàu biển* của Cổng thông tin điện tử Cục ĐKVN: <a href="http://www.vr.org.vn">http://www.vr.org.vn</a>.

Nếu Quý Đơn vị cần thêm thông tin, đề nghị liên hệ:

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Circular Letter No.4204/Add.23 1 July 2020

To: All IMO Member States

United Nations and specialized agencies

Intergovernmental organizations

Non-governmental organizations in consultative status with IMO

Subject: Coronavirus (COVID-19) - Recommendations for port and coastal

States on the prompt disembarkation of seafarers for medical care

ashore during the COVID-19 pandemic

The Secretary-General is aware that one of the many challenges facing international shipping during the COVID-19 pandemic has been arranging access for seafarers to medical care ashore. Addressing this challenge requires that relevant authorities in port and coastal States meet their obligations under relevant international regulations and work with ships to protect the health of seafarers and the general public, thus ensuring that global supply chains continue to function as required during the pandemic.

Relevant guidance already issued by the Organization in this connection includes:

- Circular Letter No.4204/Add.6 of 27 March 2020, Preliminary list of recommendations for Governments and relevant national authorities on the facilitation of maritime trade during the COVID-19 pandemic;
- Circular Letter No.4204/Add.15 of 6 May 2020, Personal protective equipment;
- Circular Letter No.4204/Add.16 of 6 May 2020, COVID-19 related guidelines for ensuring a safe shipboard interface between ship and shore-based personnel; and
- Circular Letter No.4204/Add.21 of 8 June 2020, Joint statement IMO-UNCTAD –
  Call for collaborative action in support of keeping ships moving, ports open and
  cross-border trade flowing during the COVID-19 pandemic.

Building on the above-mentioned guidance, the Secretary-General has received Recommendations for port and coastal States on the prompt disembarkation of seafarers for medical care ashore during the COVID-19 pandemic, developed by a broad cross section of global industry associations in consultative status with the Organization representing the maritime transportation sector, as follows: ICS, IAPH, BIMCO, IFSMA, INTERTANKO, P&I Clubs, CLIA, INTERCARGO, InterManager, IPTA, IMCA, INTERFERRY, FONASBA, ITF and WSC.



The Secretary-General endorses these Recommendations and urges their dissemination and implementation. Member States, in their capacities as port and coastal States, are invited to apply the Recommendations and bring them to the attention of all concerned, in particular border control and port health authorities.

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#### **ANNEX**

# RECOMMENDATIONS FOR PORT AND COASTAL STATES ON THE PROMPT DISEMBARKATION OF SEAFARERS FOR MEDICAL CARE ASHORE DURING THE COVID-19 PANDEMIC

#### Introduction

- Ships have faced difficulties arranging for the disembarkation of seafarers to receive medical care ashore during the COVID-19 pandemic, particularly when it has involved a suspected or confirmed case of COVID-19, and some have experienced delays or disruptions to their operations in these situations.
- 2 Prompt and efficient disembarkation of seafarers to receive medical care ashore during the COVID-19 pandemic is essential for the protection of seafarer and public health and vital for the maintenance of global supply chains. Therefore, it must be effectively managed through prompt and predictable arrangements by port and coastal States and good communication and cooperation between ships and the relevant authorities ashore.
- Industry guidance has already been developed to provide recommendations to ship operators on the medical care onboard ships during the COVID-19 pandemic and the management of outbreaks, including the disembarkation of suspected or confirmed cases. Experience has indicated the need for similar recommendations for the relevant authorities of port and coastal States addressing the disembarkation of seafarers to receive prompt medical care ashore, for whatever reason, during the COVID-19 pandemic.

# **Purpose**

- 4 The purpose of this guidance is to provide recommendations to the relevant authorities in port and coastal States on the prompt disembarkation of seafarers from ships to receive medical care ashore during the COVID-19 pandemic, particularly when it involves a suspected or confirmed case of COVID-19.<sup>2</sup>
- During the COVID-19 pandemic, the world is relying on the continuing functioning of global supply chains, which are supported by maritime transportation and the effective operation of ships and ports. Therefore, recommendations promoting consistency and efficiency by port and coastal States to disembark seafarers to receive medical care ashore during the COVID-19 pandemic should help ensure the safety and well-being of seafarers and functioning of global supply chains.

# Scope

The recommendations in this guidance are addressed to port and coastal States with obligations under relevant international regulations, inter alia, concerning ensuring access to medical facilities ashore for seafarers and facilitation of international maritime trade.

Coronavirus (COVID-19) Guidance for Ship Operators for the Protection of the Health of Seafarers (Version 2.1) International Chamber of Shipping (ICS), 29 May 2020.

The recommendations are also applicable to workers in the offshore energy sector and fishing vessel personnel who face challenges similar to those of seafarers with regards to securing access to medical care ashore during the COVID-19 pandemic, and take account of IMO Circular Letter No.4204/Add.13 on Recommendations for Governments and relevant national authorities on facilitating the movement of offshore energy sector personnel during the COVID-19 pandemic.

#### Recommendations related to seafarers

- When a ship reports a suspected or confirmed case of COVID-19 onboard, the relevant authorities in the port or coastal State are recommended to:
  - .1 Advise ships to isolate the suspected or confirmed case of COVID-19 in a cabin designated for isolation prior to their disembarkation.
  - .2 Advise ships to ensure the suspected or confirmed case of COVID-19 is wearing appropriate PPE, follows cough etiquette and practises hand hygiene, and other relevant infection prevention and control measures, prior to and during disembarkation and transfer to a medical facility ashore.
  - .3 Advise ships to ensure that all seafarers onboard are monitored for signs or symptoms of COVID-19, including regular temperature checks, prior to disembarkation of the suspected or confirmed case of COVID-19 and while they are receiving medical attention ashore.
  - .4 Advise ships to ensure that seafarers wear appropriate PPE when shore-based personnel are on board the ship and adhere to applicable infection prevention and control measures.
  - .5 Arrange for the prompt disembarkation and transfer of the suspected or confirmed case of COVID-19 from the ship to a medical facility ashore for further assessment, testing isolation or medical care, as appropriate.<sup>3</sup>
  - Arrange to minimize the exposure of the suspected or confirmed case of COVID-19 to infrastructures and personnel in the port, or its immediate vicinity, during disembarkation and transfer to a medical facility ashore by implementing applicable infection prevention and control measures.
  - .7 Obtain information from the ship about the close contacts of the suspected or confirmed case of COVID-19 to assess risks to other seafarers on board the ship or the shore-based personnel that have interacted with the ship, arranging for testing where available.
- 8 When a ship reports a seafarer that requires medical care ashore and is not suspected of having COVID-19, the relevant authorities in the port or coastal State are recommended to:
  - .1 Advise ships to ensure that seafarers wear appropriate PPE when external shore-based personnel are on board the ship and adhere to applicable infection prevent and control measures.
  - .2 Advise ships to ensure seafarers wear appropriate PPE and adhere to relevant infection prevention and control measures, during disembarkation of the seafarer.

Regulation 4.1 of the ILO Maritime Labour Convention (MLC), 2006, as amended, requires that seafarers on board ships who are in need of immediate medical care are given access to medical facilities on shore. Similarly, Article 29(e) of the ILO Work in Fishing Convention, 2007 (No.188) provides that fishers have the right to medical treatment ashore and the right to be taken ashore in a timely manner for treatment in the event of serious injury or illness.

- .3 Arrange for the prompt disembarkation and transfer of the seafarer from the ship to a medical facility ashore for further assessment and medical care.<sup>4</sup>
- .4 Arrange to minimize the exposure of the seafarer to infrastructures and personnel in the port, or its immediate vicinity, during disembarkation and transfer to a medical facility ashore by implementing applicable infection prevention and control measures.

### Recommendations related to the ship

- 9 When a ship reports a suspected or confirmed case of COVID-19 onboard, the relevant authorities in the port or coastal State are recommended to:
  - .1 Grant ships permission to enter ports and proceed to a berth in accordance with the relevant procedures of the port or terminal, regardless of whether or not they were due to call at a port or terminal in the territory or engage in cargo or other operations.
  - .2 Grant ships permission to disembark the suspected or confirmed case of COVID-19 for transfer to a medical facility ashore without delay.
  - .3 Provide information to the ship on arrangements related to health protection and infection prevention and control while the ship is at the port or terminal, including information on the specific arrangements for disembarkation and transfer of the suspected or confirmed case of COVID-19 to a medical facility ashore.
  - .4 Advise ships of requirements related to cleaning and disinfection of certain areas on board the ship, including cabins and facilities used by a suspected or confirmed case of COVID-19 and close contacts.
  - .5 Require any shore-based personnel that may interact with, or go on board, the ship during the course of the disembarkation of the suspect of confirmed case of COVID-19 to wear appropriate PPE and adhere to applicable infection prevention and control measures.<sup>5</sup>
- When a ship reports a seafarer that requires medical care ashore and is not suspected of having COVID-19, the relevant authorities in the port or coastal State are recommended to:
  - .1 Grant ships permission to enter ports and proceed to a berth in accordance with the relevant procedures of the port or terminal, regardless of whether or not they were due to call at a port in the territory or engage in cargo or other operations.
  - .2 Provide information to the ship on arrangements related to health protection and infection prevention and control while the ship is at the port or terminal, including information on the specific arrangements for disembarkation and transfer of a seafarer to a medical facility ashore.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Ibid.

See WHO guidance on "Handling cargo from affected countries" in *Rational use of personal protective* equipment for coronavirus disease (COVID-19) and considerations during severe shortages (Interim guidance) World Health Organization, 6 April 2020.

- .3 Grant ships permission to disembark the seafarer that requires medical attention and transfer them to a medical facility ashore without delay.
- .4 Require any shore-based personnel that may interact with, or go on board, the ship during the course of the disembarkation of the seafarer to wear appropriate PPE and adhere to applicable infection prevention and control measures.

# Recommendations related to the ship operations

- 11 When a ship reports a suspected or confirmed case of COVID-19 onboard, the relevant authorities in the port or coastal State are recommended to:
  - .1 Permit ship operations to commence and proceed as planned and in accordance with the relevant procedures of the port or terminal.<sup>6</sup>
  - .2 Require any shore-based personnel that may interact with, or go on board, the ship for the purposes of the operations (e.g. stevedores etc.) to wear appropriate PPE and adhere to applicable infection prevention and control measures.<sup>7</sup>
  - .3 Allow any seafarer who is receiving medical care ashore as a suspected or confirmed case of COVID-19 to remain and receive care at the medical or other facility and recover before being duly repatriated by the shipowner, and permit the ship to depart and proceed on its voyage (subject to, if applicable, the ship being given any necessary dispensation by its flag State).
- When a ship reports a seafarer that requires medical care ashore and is not suspected of having COVID-19, the relevant authorities in the port or coastal State are recommended to:
  - .1 Permit ship operations to commence and proceed as planned and in accordance with the relevant procedures of the port or terminal.
  - .2 Require any shore-based personnel that may interact with, or go on board, the ship for the purposes of the operations (e.g. stevedores etc.) to wear appropriate PPE and adhere to applicable infection prevention and control measures.
  - Allow any seafarer who is receiving medical care ashore to remain and receive care or recover at the medical or other facility before being duly repatriated by the shipowner, and permit the ship to depart and proceed on its voyage (subject to, if applicable, the ship being given a dispensation by its flag State).

Article 28, paragraph 2, of the WHO International Health Regulations (2015), states that ships or aircraft shall not be refused *free pratique* by States Parties for public health reasons; in particular they shall not be prevented from embarking or disembarking, discharging or loading cargo or stores, or taking on fuel, water, food and supplies.

See WHO guidance on "Handling cargo from affected countries" in *Rational use of personal protective* equipment for coronavirus disease (COVID-19) and considerations during severe shortages (Interim guidance) World Health Organization, 6 April 2020.